

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system comprising the steps of:
transmitting a digital image to at least one spatial light modulator;
capturing said resulting image;
comparing variations in intensity between each image pixel and at least one reference image pixel;
deriving a correction factor from said comparison;
determining gain of correction at each code value for each image pixel; and
applying said correction factor and gain to said digital image.
2. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 1 wherein said resulting image is captured by a digital camera.
3. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 1 wherein said spatial light modulator is a LCD.
4. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 1 wherein said resulting image is captured by:
printing said resulting image; and
scanning said resulting image.
5. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 1 wherein said transmitted digital image is a flatfield of single code value.

6. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 1 wherein said gain is determined at specified code values.

7. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 6 wherein said gain is determined by varying gain and visually selecting gain value.

8. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 6 wherein said gain is determined by varying gain and measuring standard deviation.

9. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 6 wherein said gain is determined by varying gain and measuring spatial frequency components.

10. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 6 wherein said gain is determined for every code value.

Q2 11. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 6 wherein said gain is determined at selected code values and best fit curve is determined.

12. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 6 wherein said gain is constant for all code values.

13. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 6 wherein said gain is linear as a function of code value.

14. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 1 wherein said gain the first derivative of the response characteristic of the spatial light modulator.

15. (original) A method for correcting defects as in claim 1 wherein defect maps are created at multiple code values.

16. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 1 wherein multiple defect maps corresponding to multiple spatial light modulators are generated.

17. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system comprising the steps of:

transmitting a digital image data to at least one pixilated device;

displaying said resulting image;

capturing said resulting image;

comparing variations in intensity between each image pixel and at least one reference image pixel;

deriving a correction factor from said comparison;

determining gain of correction at each code value for each image pixel; and

applying said correction factor and gain to said digital image.

18. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 17 wherein said resulting image is captured by a digital camera.

19. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 17 wherein said spatial light modulator is selected from a group comprising an organic Light Emitting Diode array, a Light Emitting Diode array, a laser array, and a CRT.

20. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 17 wherein said resulting image is captured by:

printing said resulting image; and

scanning said resulting image.

21. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 17 wherein said transmitted digital image is a flatfield of single code value.

22. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 17 wherein said gain is determined at specified code values.

23. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 16 wherein said gain is determined by varying gain and visually selecting gain value.

24. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 16 wherein said gain is determined by varying gain and measuring standard deviation.

Q2 25. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 16 wherein said gain is determined by varying gain and measuring spatial frequency components.

26. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 16 wherein said gain is determined for every code value.

27. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 16 wherein said gain is determined at selected code values and best fit curve is determined.

28. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 16 wherein said gain is constant for all code values.

29. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 16 wherein said gain is linear as a function of code value.

30. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 17 wherein said gain the first derivative of the response characteristic of the pixilated device.

31. (original) A method for correcting defects as in claim 1 wherein defect maps are created at multiple code values.

32. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system as in claim 1 wherein multiple defect maps corresponding to multiple pixilated devices are generated.

33. (original) A method for correcting defects in a spatial light modulator printing system comprising the steps of:

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- transmitting a digital image to a spatial light modulator based printing system;
- printing said digital image;
- scanning said printed image to produce a digital version of said printed image;
- comparing variations in intensity between each image pixel and a reference image pixel;
- deriving a correction factor from said comparison;
- deriving a gain;
- applying said correction factor and gain to said digital image; and
- printing said corrected digital image.

34. (original) A printing assembly which prints two-dimensional swaths on a media comprising:

- a light source;
- illumination optics which receive light from said light source and images said light at a beamsplitter element which images one polarization state of light at a spatial light modulator, wherein an essentially telecentric illumination is created at said spatial light modulator;

a video board which inputs a first digital image to said spatial light modulator;

a print lens assembly which images said first digital image onto said media to create a printed image;

a scanner which digitizes said printed image to create a resulting image; and

a microprocessor which compares said resulting image to said first digital image and generates a correction factor which is applied to said first digital image.

35. (currently amended) A printing assembly according to claim 7 34, further comprising a plurality of said spatial light modulators which each represent a different color.

36. (currently amended) A printing assembly according to claim 7 34, wherein said print lens provides a magnified image on said photosensitive media.

Q2 37. (original) A method for correcting defects in an imaging system comprising the steps of:

transmitting a digital image to at least one spatial light modulator;

displaying said resulting image;

comparing variations in intensity between each image pixel and at least one reference image pixel;

deriving a correction factor from said comparison;

determining gain of correction at each code value for each image pixel; and

applying said correction factor and gain to said digital image.